

ENJOY THE FREEDOM TO SHOW YOUR LEGS

Asclera[®] (polidocanol) Injection is a prescription medicine that is used in a procedure called sclerotherapy to remove uncomplicated veins on your legs. It is administered by a healthcare provider to treat uncomplicated spider veins (very small varicose veins ≤ 1 mm in diameter) and uncomplicated reticular veins (small varicose veins 1 to 3 mm in diameter). Asclera has not been studied in varicose veins more than 3 mm in diameter.

Asclera (polidocanol) Injection is contraindicated for patients with known allergy (anaphylaxis) to polidocanol and patients with acute vein and blood clotting diseases.



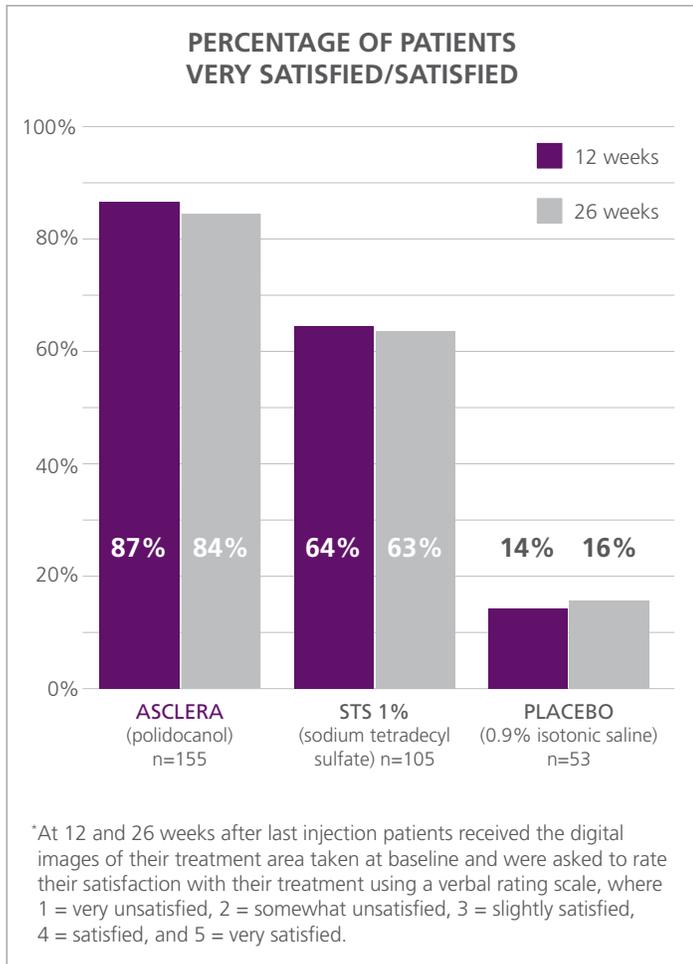
Not actual patients

Please see Important Safety Information and Consumer Brief Summary inside or visit www.asclera.com for full Prescribing Information.

PATIENT SATISFACTION*

In a clinical trial:

- 87% of patients were satisfied or very satisfied with their Asclera treatment
- Patients were significantly more satisfied with Asclera than with either STS or placebo ($p < 0.0001$)



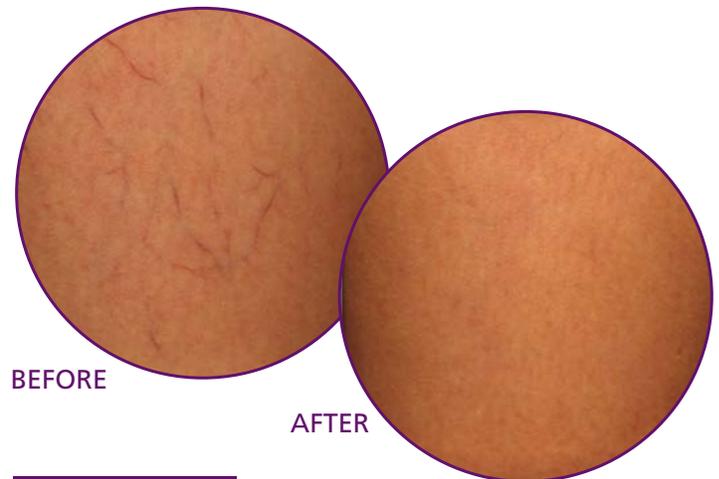
IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (Continued)

ADVERSE REACTIONS: In clinical studies, the following adverse reactions were observed after using Asclera and were more common with Asclera than placebo: injection site hematoma, injection site irritation, injection site discoloration, injection site pain, injection site itching, injection site warmth, neovascularization, injection site clotting.

You are encouraged to report any suspected adverse events. To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact your Healthcare Provider, Merz Aesthetics at 1-866-862-1211, or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch.

RESULTS WITH ASCLERA

UNCOMPLICATED SPIDER VEINS TREATMENTS* (< 1 MM)



Actual patients

Results at 26 weeks after last treatment

*Individual results may vary depending on varicose vein severity, disease progression, skin tone, and number of treatments.

UNCOMPLICATED RETICULAR VEINS TREATMENTS* (1-3 MM)



Actual patients

Results at 26 weeks after last treatment

*Individual results may vary depending on varicose vein severity, disease progression, skin tone, and number of treatments.

Ask your doctor for Asclera by name.

Not an actual patient

WHAT IS SCLEROTHERAPY?

Sclerotherapy is a minimally invasive procedure done by your healthcare provider to treat uncomplicated spider veins and uncomplicated reticular veins. The treatment involves the injection of a solution into the affected veins.

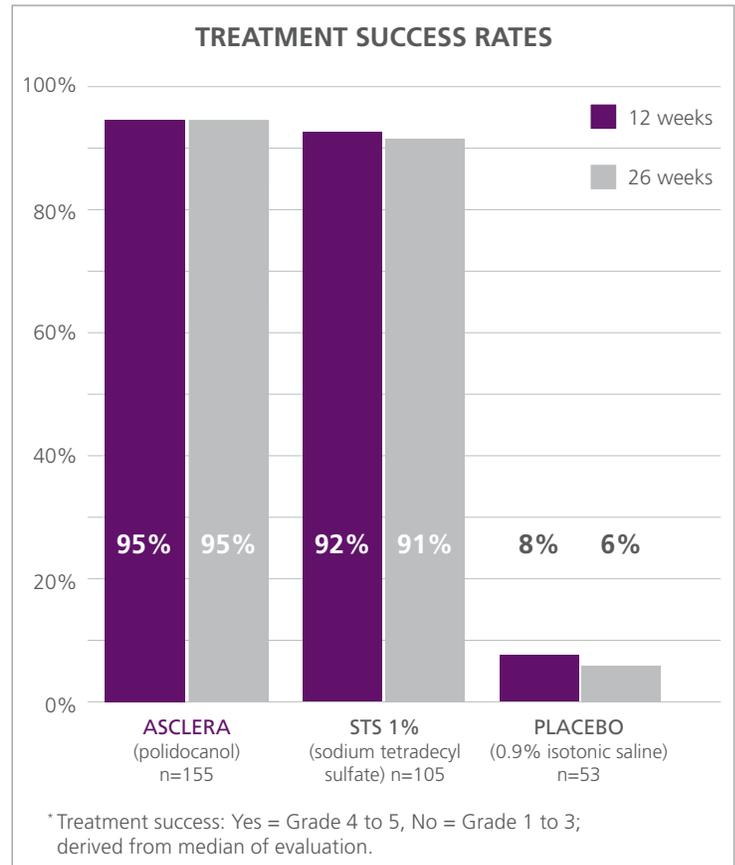
HOW DOES ASCLERA WORK?

Asclera is a sclerosing agent that is injected into the vein. It works by damaging the inner wall of the vein, and eventually causing the vein to collapse on itself. Over time, the damaged vein is replaced with tissue. Individual results may vary. Many patients may require multiple injection sessions for optimal treatment success.

TREATMENT SUCCESS*

In a clinical trial:

- 95% of patients, predominately females, treated with Asclera showed good or complete treatment success as rated by physicians
- Asclera results were statistically significant when compared to placebo ($p < 0.0001$) for the primary efficacy criterion "improvement of veins"



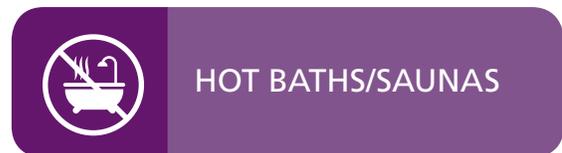
HOW LONG IS EACH ASCLERA SESSION?

A typical sclerotherapy session lasts 15 to 45 minutes. One injection is usually administered per inch with multiple injections per session.

Following treatment, compression stockings or support hose should be worn continuously for 2-3 days and for 2-3 weeks during the day time. Repeat treatment sessions may be necessary.

WHAT SHOULD I AVOID AFTER RECEIVING ASCLERA?

For two to three days following the treatment, avoid the following (if you are uncertain, please ask your healthcare provider):



IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

For intravenous use only.

CONTRAINDICATIONS: Asclera (polidocanol) Injection is contraindicated for patients with known allergy (anaphylaxis) to polidocanol and patients with acute vein and blood clotting diseases.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS:

Anaphylaxis: Severe allergic reactions have been reported following polidocanol use, including anaphylactic reactions, some of them fatal. Severe reactions are most frequent with use of larger volumes (> 3 mL). The dose of polidocanol should therefore be minimized. Please notify your healthcare provider if you have a known history of severe allergies or allergy to polidocanol.

Accidental injection into an artery can cause severe necrosis, ischemia or gangrene. If this occurs, consult your healthcare provider or a vascular surgeon immediately.

Unintentional injection of Asclera outside of the vein can cause pain. If pain is severe, a local anesthetic (without adrenaline) may be injected by your healthcare provider.

Severe adverse local effects, including tissue necrosis, may occur following flow of the product outside of the vein; therefore, the smallest effective volume at each injection site should be used.

After the injection session is completed, apply compression with a stocking or bandage, and walk for 15- 20 minutes. Your healthcare provider will provide monitoring during this period to treat any possible anaphylactic or allergic reactions.

Maintain compression for 2 to 3 days after treatment of spider veins and for 5 to 7 days for reticular veins, or as directed by your Healthcare Provider. For extensive varicosities, longer compression treatment with compression bandages or a gradient compression stocking of a higher compression class is recommended. Post-treatment compression is necessary to reduce the risk of deep vein thrombosis.

For more information, visit www.Asclera.com

ASCLERA[®]

(polidocanol) Injection

CONSUMER BRIEF SUMMARY

RX ONLY

Asclera (polidocanol) Injection

BRIEF SUMMARY. PLEASE CONSULT FULL PRESCRIBING INFORMATION FOR MORE INFORMATION.

WHAT IS ASCLERA (A SKLER AH)?

Asclera (polidocanol) Injection is a prescription medicine that is used in a procedure called sclerotherapy to remove unwanted veins on your legs. It is administered by a healthcare provider to treat two types of veins:

- Uncomplicated spider veins (very small varicose veins \leq 1 mm in diameter)
- Uncomplicated small varicose veins (1 to 3 mm in diameter) known as reticular veins

Asclera has not been studied in varicose veins more than 3 mm in diameter.

WHO SHOULD NOT USE ASCLERA?

You should not have Asclera injected if you have an allergy (anaphylaxis) to polidocanol or if you have an acute vein or clotting disease. Be sure to tell your Healthcare Provider if you have any of these conditions.

Asclera is not recommended for use in children under 18 years of age.

WHAT IS THE MOST IMPORTANT INFORMATION I SHOULD KNOW ABOUT ASCLERA?

Anaphylaxis: Severe allergic reactions have been reported following polidocanol use, including anaphylactic reactions, some of them fatal. Severe reactions are most frequent with use of larger volumes (> 3 mL). The dose of polidocanol should therefore be minimized. Please notify your healthcare provider if you have a known history of severe allergies or allergy to polidocanol.

Accidental injection into an artery can cause severe necrosis, ischemia or gangrene. If this occurs, consult your healthcare provider or a vascular surgeon immediately.

Overdose may result in a higher incidence of localized reactions such as necrosis.

Unintentional injection of Asclera outside of the vein can cause pain. If pain is severe, a local anesthetic (without adrenaline) may be injected by your healthcare provider.

BEFORE RECEIVING AN ASCLERA TREATMENT, BE SURE TO TELL YOUR DOCTOR ABOUT THE FOLLOWING:

- You have an allergy to polidocanol
- You have an acute vein or clotting disease
- You are pregnant or nursing

WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW ABOUT BEING TREATED WITH ASCLERA

After the injection session is completed, you will be asked by your Healthcare Provider to apply compression with a stocking or bandage, and walk for 15- 20 minutes. Your healthcare provider will provide monitoring during this period to treat any possible anaphylactic or allergic reactions.

Maintain compression for 2 to 3 days after treatment of spider veins and for 5 to 7 days for reticular veins, or as directed by your Healthcare Provider. For extensive varicosities, longer compression treatment with compression bandages or a gradient compression stocking of a higher compression class is recommended. Post-treatment compression is necessary to reduce the risk of deep vein thrombosis.

WHAT SHOULD I AVOID AFTER RECEIVING ASCLERA?

For two to three days following treatment, avoid the following:

- Heavy exercise
- Sunbathing
- Long plane flights
- Hot baths or saunas

ARE THERE POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS WITH USE OF ASCLERA?

In clinical studies, the following adverse reactions were observed after using Asclera and were more common with Asclera than placebo:

- Injection site hematoma
- Injection site irritation
- Injection site discoloration
- Injection site pain
- Injection site itching
- Injection site warmth
- Neovascularization
- Injection site clotting

You are encouraged to report any suspected adverse events. To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact your Healthcare Provider, Merz Aesthetics at 1-866-862-1211, or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch.

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